

Test 2: NET3012 – IP Architectures & Solutions

Winter 2017

MPLS Modules 1-5; SA Module 1, Module 3 sections 1-2

Time: 60 minutes Test scored out of: 45 Total Marks available: 63
(Maximum mark will be capped)

Instructions:

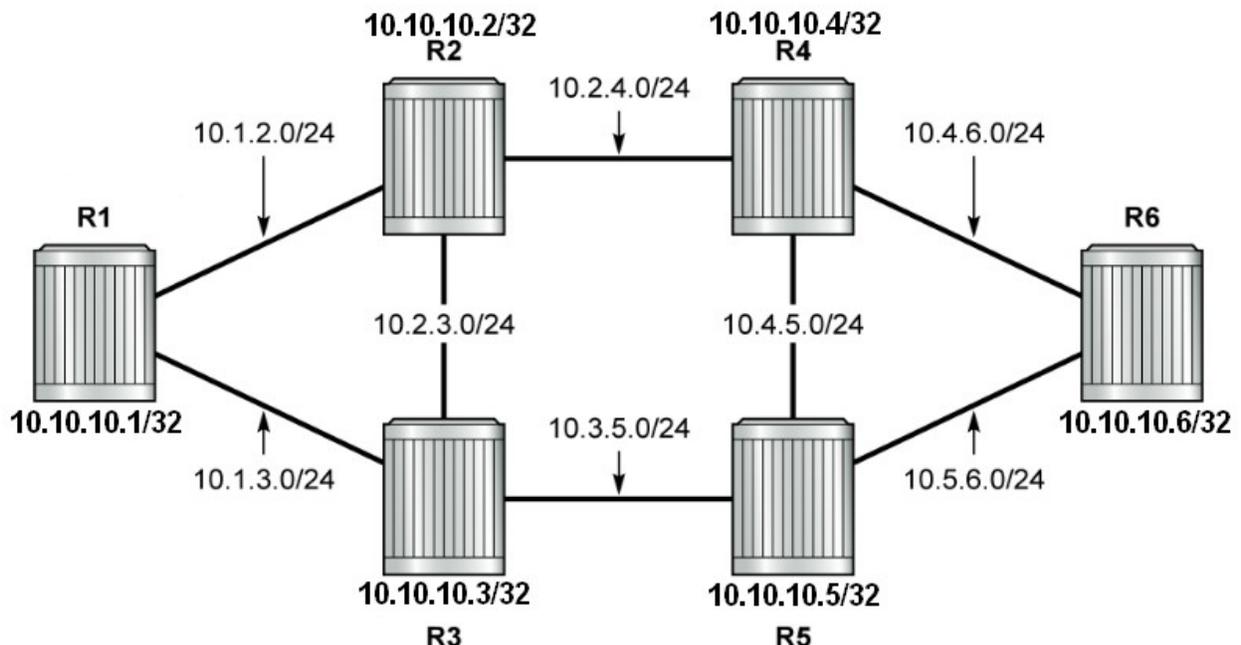
1. **BEFORE** answering any questions, please check that your copy of the test has all pages (as indicated in the footer at the bottom of each page). Please **read all questions** carefully, then answer question 0 first!
2. This is a **closed book** test. No textbooks, notes, electronic devices, or any other aids are permitted.
3. When the marks for a question are not shown, the question is worth 1 mark.
4. Questions taken directly from Nokia courseware are marked by a """.
5. If you are uncertain what a question is asking, make reasonable assumptions, write those assumptions down on this test paper, and continue answering the question.

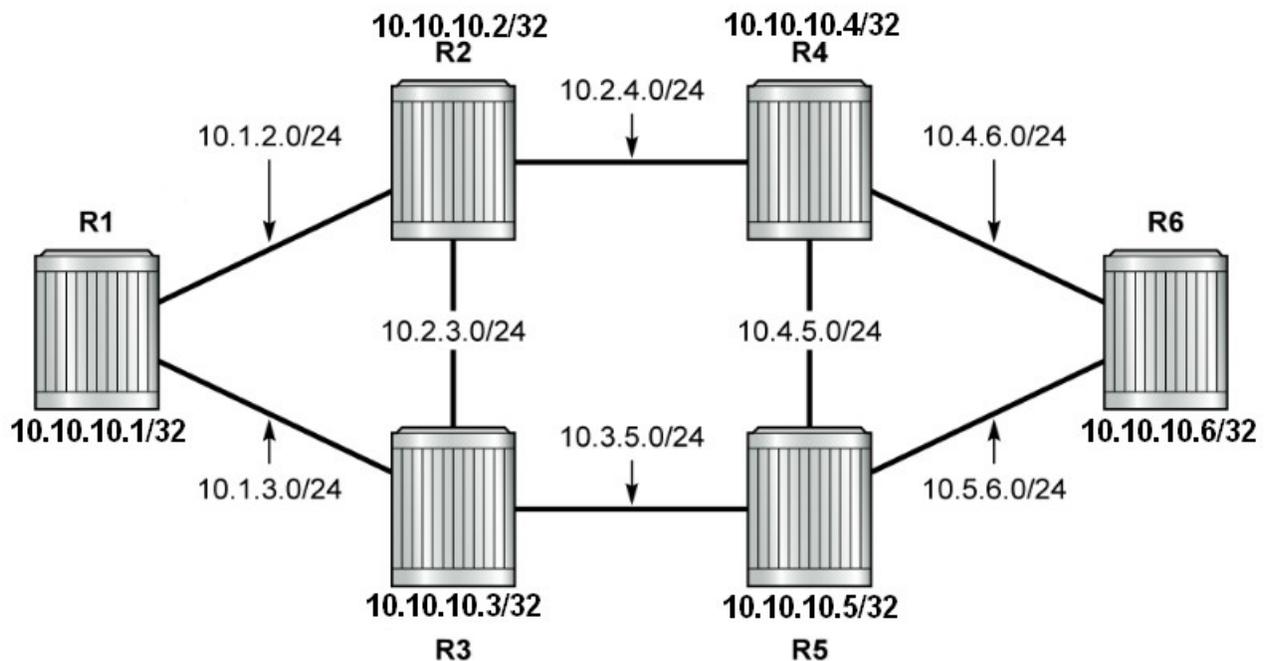
0. What is your:

NAME? _____

Reference Topology

Use the topology below for questions which refer to R1-R6 but do **not** have a topology diagram. Note that this is the standard topology we have been using throughout the course.





1. This question refers to the topology diagram above (which is copied on the front and back pages for practice purposes). *Please* put your **final** answers on the diagram **above**.

Two different LSPs with two different, completely separate paths are needed between R1 and R6: you must guarantee that no link will be used by both LSPs (in all circumstances).

A. This part is asking you to show your knowledge of admin groups.

– [2 marks] Label the diagram above, showing suitable admin groups necessary to achieve the LSPs. For full marks, use the minimum possible number of labels!

– [2 marks] Write the configuration which would define the admin group(s).

(Answer must be clear and include CLI context but spelling and syntax need not be perfect)

– [2 marks] For R1, write the configuration which applies the definition(s) to interfaces (your answer must clearly indicate the CLI context where they're applied).

- Clearly identify the data structure, message or other method that is used to communicate the definition(s) to other routers in the network. Give as specific an answer as possible.

- [Bonus] Woops! You configured the admin groups perfectly but none of the other routers have the information. Other than *no shut*, you forgot to enable something. What is it?

- Everything is working properly now. For the definition you created, what exact value would be seen on the other routers?

- [3 marks] For R1, write the configuration which uses admin groups for each of the **two LSPs** (your answer must clearly indicate the context where they're invoked).

B. [3 marks] Now forget about Part A and the admin groups. Using any other TE method you like, create an LSP which does **not** use either of the vertical links. Label the diagram if necessary and write the config below. (Config must be clear but need not be perfect.)

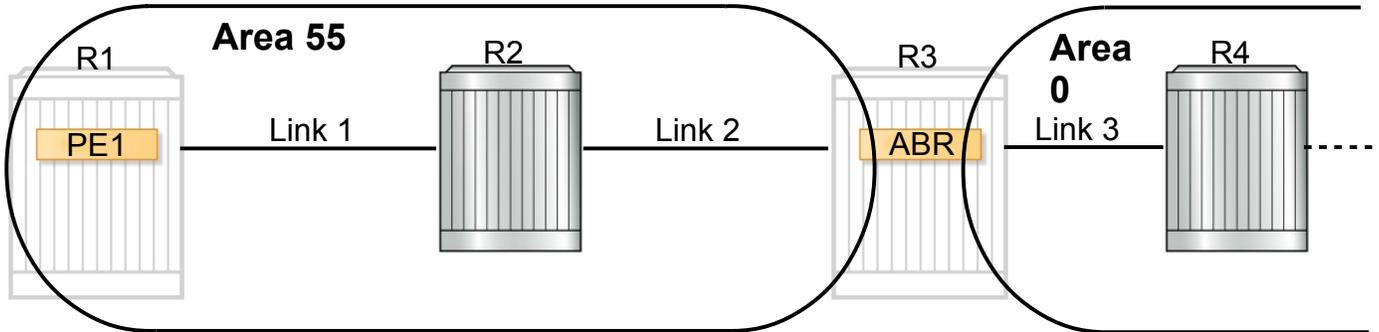
C. [3 marks] Your boss comes in and doesn't like what you've done for part B. Use a third TE method of your choice to create an LSP which **uses** a vertical link (either one is fine). Label the diagram if necessary and write the config below. (Clear but need not be perfect.)

D. Well done; the boss likes it! But what if she hadn't liked it? Is there yet another TE method that could be used to ensure the LSP **uses** a vertical link? Be specific: if yes, explain how/which method; if no, explain why the remaining methods can't work.

2. [2 marks] From your answers to the question above, clearly identify *how many of your* chosen methods:

(a) use LDP? _____ (b) use RSVP? _____ (c) require **CSPF**? _____

3. The diagram below illustrates 4 routers in OSPF Area 55 (left side) and Area 0 (right side).



LDP-over-RSVP is implemented and fully functional between PE1 and PE2 (which is waaay off in Area 99 to the right; not shown).

There are three items which you must show on the diagram, so plan how to use the space: (a) the type of router; (b) the sessions between routers; (c) PDUs for link 1, 2, 3.

Here's the knowledge that needs to be **clearly** shown:

- A. [1 mark] R1 is labeled as a PE router. What kind of routers are R2-R4? Label them!
- B. [2 marks] Label and identify the *kind* of MPLS session(s) between routers. For R3 and R4, don't forget to give an indication of what's happening off towards the right.
- C. [4 marks] three MPLS PDUs, one for each of links 1, 2, 3. For full marks:
 - general detail: indicate the payload data and any label(s) (in the correct order!)
 - specific detail: the protocol used to exchange each of the label (in the correct order!)
 - specific detail: label values; choose values at random but be sure to show where they must be the same and where would likely be different
 - which label(s) have the S-bit set
- D. [2 marks] If we added a *VPRN* using the above LSP for transport, what would be the net contribution to the change of customer TTL between *ingress* at R1 and *egress* at R4:
 - (a) if all LSPs were operating in pipe mode? _____
 - (b) if all LSPs were operating in uniform mode? _____

4. [1 mark; Bonus] The previous question asked about TTL in a somewhat general sense. Very specifically now, if/when the TTL is *actually* decremented *in the customer payload*, clearly identify which router(s) perform a decrement.
5. Which signaling protocol is used to create the following: *
- a. The inner label of a label stack in a VPLS application? _____
- b. The outer label of a label stack in a VPLS application? _____
6. [1 mark] We did labs on a variety of MPLS shortcuts. Once the shortcuts were operating properly, when you displayed the routing table, what indication do you see that an IGP route uses an MPLS shortcut?
7. Which of the following attributes is **not** carried in link-state packets for Traffic Engineering? *
- A. Maximum bandwidth
 - B. IGP metric
 - C. Administrative groups
 - D. Unreserved bandwidth
 - E. Maximum reservable bandwidth
 - F. All of the above parameters are carried in link-state packets.
8. [1 mark] What is the meaning of acronym B.U.M. in the context of VPN services?

[1 mark] **Clearly** identify what do the three components of B.U.M have in common?

9. [2 marks] **Clearly** identify the VPLS flooding behavior for traffic ingressing on a:
- (a) SAP:
- (b) spoke-SDP:
- (c) mesh-SDP:

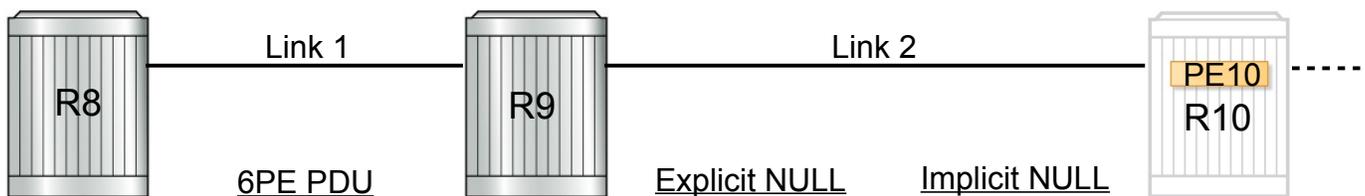
10. How many SDPs in total are configured on a local ePipe service? _____
11. **A.** [1 mark] Name all the VPWS services currently supported by Nokia SR 7750 routers. *
- B.** [2 marks] Clearly identify the type of traffic carried by each type of VPWS service(s).
12. [2 marks] It is important to understand the difference between point-to-point and multi-point services. **Clearly** identify as many services as possible that are examples of:
- point-to-point services:
- multi-point services:
13. [1 mark] **Clearly** explain whether the concept of *local vs distributed* is related to the concept of *point-to-point vs multi-point*, and if so, *how are they related?*
14. [2 marks; 1 per pair] The "Module Summary" for SA Module 1 states: "Before you can provision services, you must do the following:" and then lists four items. **Clearly** identify those four items. *
15. [1 mark] **Clearly** identify the two options for SDP transport through the provider core. (**N.B.** This is not asking for the two options for LSP transport!)

16. [2 marks] In a 6PE network, which version of IP is run by each of the 3 different types of routers. * Be **clear** and complete.
- (a) customer router, (b) PE router (c) P router?
-

17. [1 mark] What label advertisement mode does RSVP-TE use? *

18. [1 mark] Which two messages take down RSVP RESV and PATH sessions, respectively? *

19. Cell phone usage is exploding and we've long ago run out of IPv4 addresses: e.g. Verizon has over 82% deployment for IPv6. Pictured below is a pair of older service routers (R8, R9) as well as a brand new, light-weight PE router (R10) installed in remote cell phone tower. 6PE is used to carry all customer IPv6 traffic.



A. [2 marks] Draw a 6PE PDU for Link 1. Include customer payload and label(s), in correct order. Identify exact values of any label that are known in advance.

B. [4 marks] Draw two 6PE PDUs for Link 2: one when R10 signals explicit NULL and the other for R10 signals implicit NULL. Identify exact values of any label known in advance.

C. Would IPv6 data still successfully flow if R10 signals a request for PHP to R9?
[2 marks] Explain your reasoning **clearly**.

D. [2 marks] Would IPv6 data still successfully flow if R9 *also* signaled R8 for PHP? Explain.

20. [1 mark; all-or-nothing] In the space below, write the numbers of at least five questions in this test that are taken directly from Nokia courseware.

Extra Work

